Faculty of Humanities

Ethiopian Islam through its Manuscript Legacy: some examples from the Jimma Region

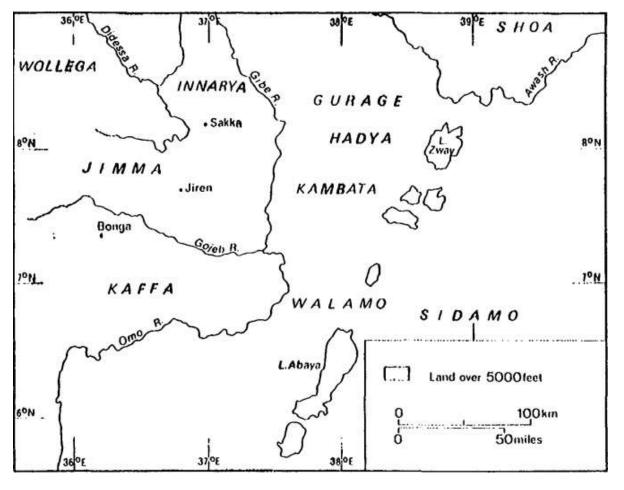
Michele Petrone

IslHornAfr (EU 7th Framework Programme, ERC Advanced Grant 322849)

Dept of Cross-Cultural and Regional Studies University of Copenhagen Karen Blixens Vej 4 2300 Copenhagen S Email:

www.islhornafr.eu





Oromo Kingdoms. Cambridge History of Africa IV 84.



Sites studied during the mission

Wolkite zone: Zabi Molla Seddeqa

Jimma – Agaro zone: Warukko Tije Suuse



King Abba Jifar II (d. 1932).





Elements defining collections' keepers attitudes towards manuscripts:

- Care for privacy or secrecy of their texts
- Isolation from other Islamic groups or centers in the region
- Underestimation of the manuscripts as a cultural and material resource

Incipit of of the Dalā'il al-Ḥayrāt, IES 2638, f. 6r.



Persistent tradition Vs Interrupted tradition

Incipit of of the Dalā'il al-Ḥayrāt, IES 2638, f. 6r.



- 1. Evidence of the presence (or absence) of an active transmission of Islamic knowledge connected with the manuscripts and their owners (both teaching and ritual use)
- 2. Model of ownership (single-multiple inheritors, custody)
- 3. Position of the owners in local society
- 4. Evidence of knowledge of Arabic language
- 5. Genres of texts found in the collections

Incipit of of the Dalā'il alнаугāt, IES 2638, f. 6r.





Library of the ḥaḍra of Zabi Molla, Wolkite.



Minaret of the mosque of Zabi Molla, Wolkite.





Boards for the study of the Quran in the library of Zabi Molla, Wolkite.



Šayḫ Nāṣir in the mosque of Warukko





Interior of the mosque of Warukko





Manuscripts and printed books outside the mosque of Tije





The house of the decendants of Shekota Tije.





Kemal Ibrahim with a bag of manuscripts in Seddeqa.





'Abd al-Fattāḥ Muṣ'īd al-Dīn al-Ṣiddīqī





Farming activity in Seddeqa.





Bags of manuscripts outside the mosque of Seddeqa.





Interior of the Great Mosque of Seddeqa.





The guardian of Suuse manuscripts with some mebers of his family.





Quran reciters outside the Great Mosque of Seddeqa.





Text composed by 'Abd al-Fattāḥ Muṣ'īd al-Dīn al-Ṣiddīqī, constituted of a series of letters without an evident meaning.



Genres of the texts found in Jimma area:

- Devotional texts (poems, litanies)
- Basic Arabic grammar
- Basic jurispridence
- Advanced learners' books in Islamic law
- Local History
- Private correspondence



Typological classification of the collections:

- 1. Museum Library: Zabi Molla Seddeqa
- 2. Texts in use: Warukko
- 3. Inherited books: Tije Suuse

